Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016



Section 1: IDENTIFICATION	
Product Name:	COED NGL at Edmonton
Synonyms:	Not available.
Product Use:	Refinery feedstock.
Restrictions on Use:	Not available.
Manufacturer/Supplier:	Plains Midstream Canada ULC, and Affiliates Suite 1400, 607 – 8th Avenue SW Calgary, Alberta T2P 0A7
Phone Number:	1-866-875-2554
Emergency Phone:	USA - CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / CANADA - CANUTEC 1- 888-CAN-UTEC (226-8832), 613-996-6666 or *666 on a cellular phone
Date of Preparation of SDS:	April 11, 2016
Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION	

GHS INFORMATION

Classification:	Flammable Gases, Category 1 Gases Under Pressure - Compressed Gas Skin Irritation, Category 2 Germ Cell Mutagenicity, Category 1B Carcinogenicity, Category 1A Toxic to Reproduction, Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure), Category 3 - Narcotic Effects Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure), Category 2 Aspiration Hazard, Category 1 Simple Asphyxiant
	Simple Asphyxiant

LABEL ELEMEN	ГS
Hazard	
Pictogram(s):	



Signal Word:	Danger
Hazard Statements:	 Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.



Precautionary Statements

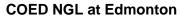
Prevention:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. – No smoking. Do not breathe gas. Wash thoroughly after handling.
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.
Response:	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Storage:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified:	Not applicable.
Ingredients with Unknown Toxicity:	7% of this product mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, (29 CFR 1910.1200). This material is considered hazardous by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Hazardous Ingredient(s)	Common name / Synonyms	CAS No.	% vol./vol.
Natural gas (petroleum), raw liq. mix	Not available.	64741-48-6	100
Propane	Not available.	74-98-6	40 - 70
Butane	Not available.	106-97-8	10 - 30
Propane, 2-methyl-	Isobutane	75-28-5	7 - 13
Butane, 2-methyl-	Isopentane	78-78-4	3 - 7
Pentane	Not available.	109-66-0	3 - 7
Hexane	Not available.	110-54-3	1 - 5
Heptane	Not available.	142-82-5	1 - 5
Octane	Not available.	111-65-9	1 - 5
Ethane	Not available.	74-84-0	1 - 5
Benzene, methyl-	Toluene	108-88-3	0.1 - 1
Benzene	Not available.	71-43-2	0.1 - 1
Benzene, dimethyl-	Xylene	1330-20-7	0.1 - 1

Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016



Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016



Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES	
Inhalation:	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If breathing or the heart stops, trained personnel should immediately begin artificial respiration (AR) or cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) respectively. Get medical attention immediately.
	Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Central nervous system depression can occur if product is present in concentrations that will reduce the oxygen content of air below 18 % (vol). May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness.
Eye Contact:	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
	Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside. Permanent eye damage or blindness could result. May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.
Skin Contact:	Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Do not rub affected area. Remove non-adhering contaminated clothing. Do not remove adherent material or clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. Symptoms of frostbite include change in skin color to white or grayish-yellow. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside. Causes skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.
Ingestion:	If swallowed: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If breathing or the heart stops, trained personnel should immediately begin artificial respiration (AR) or cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) respectively. Get medical attention immediately.
	Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
General Advice:	In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).



COED NGL at Edmonton

Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016

Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately.

Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABILITY AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION

Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors from liquefied gas are initially heavier than air and spread along ground. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release flammable gas through pressure relief devices. Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions.

Fire involving Tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Sensitivity to Static Discharge:	This material is not sensitive to mechanical impact. This material is sensitive to static discharge.
MEANS OF EXTINCTION Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Small Fire: Dry chemical or CO2.
	Large Fire: Water spray or fog. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	Not available.
Products of Combustion:	Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulphur.
Protection of Firefighters:	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning. Some may be irritating if inhaled at high concentrations. Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Always wear thermal protective clothing when handling refrigerated/cryogenic liquids.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures: As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 100 meters (330 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Keep out of low areas. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks



Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016

Other Information:	See Section 13 for disposal considerations.
	warning.
Methods for Clean-Up:	Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. CAUTION: When in contact with refrigerated/cryogenic liquids, many materials become brittle and are likely to break without warning.
Methods for Containment:	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Avoid allowing water runoff to contact spilled material. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.
Environmental Precautions:	Not normally required.
Personal Precautions:	Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Don full-face, positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus.
	or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

Handling:

Do not breathe gas. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. – No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on Incompatible Materials. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Component

Natural gas (petroleum), raw liq. mix [CAS No. 64741-48-6]

ACGIH: No TLV established.

OSHA: No PEL established.

Propane [CAS No. 74-98-6]

ACGIH: Asphyxia

OSHA: 1000 ppm (TWA), 1800 mg/m³ (TWA);

Butane [CAS No. 106-97-8]

ACGIH: 1000 ppm (TWA); (2012)

OSHA: 800 ppm (TWA) [Vacated];

Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016



ACGIH: 1000 ppm (TWA); (2012) **OSHA:** No PEL established. Isopentane [CAS No. 78-78-4] ACGIH: 1000 ppm (TWA); (2013) **OSHA:** No PEL established. Pentane [CAS No. 109-66-0] ACGIH: 1000 ppm (TWA); (2013) OSHA: 1000 ppm (TWA), 2950 mg/m³ (TWA); 600 ppm (TWA); 750 ppm (STEL) [Vacated]; Hexane [CAS No. 110-54-3] ACGIH: 50 ppm (TWA); Skin, BEI (1996) **OSHA:** 500 ppm (TWA), 1800 mg/m³ (TWA); Skin. 50 ppm (TWA) [Vacated]; Heptane [CAS No. 142-82-5] ACGIH: 400 ppm (TWA); 500 ppm (STEL); (1979) OSHA: 500 ppm (TWA), 2000 mg/m³ (TWA); 400 ppm (TWA); 500 ppm (STEL) [Vacated]; Octane [CAS No. 111-65-9]

ACGIH: 300 ppm (TWA); (1979) OSHA: 500 ppm (TWA), 2350 mg/m³ (TWA); 300 ppm (TWA); 375 ppm (STEL) [Vacated];

Ethane [CAS No. 74-84-0]

ACGIH: Asphyxia OSHA: No PEL established.

Toluene [CAS No. 108-88-3]

ACGIH: 20 ppm (TWA); A4; BEI (2006)

OSHA: 200 ppm (TWA); 300 ppm (C); 500 ppm (Peak) (Maximum duration: 10 minutes.) 100 ppm (TWA); 150 ppm (STEL) [Vacated];

Benzene [CAS No. 71-43-2]

ACGIH: 0.5 ppm (TWA); 2.5 ppm (STEL); Skin; A1; BEI (1996) OSHA: 1 ppm (TWA); 5 ppm (STEL);

Xylene [CAS No. 1330-20-7]

ACGIH: 100 ppm (TWA); 150 ppm (STEL); A4; BEI (1992) OSHA: 100 ppm (TWA), 435 mg/m³ (TWA); 150 ppm (STEL) [Vacated];

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit TLV: Threshold Limit Value TWA: Time-Weighted Average STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit C: Ceiling



Engineering Controls:

COED NGL at Edmonton

Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapour, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)



Eye/Face Protection:	Wear safety glasses. Use equipment for eye protection that meets the standards referenced by CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3-92 and OSHA regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 for Personal Protective Equipment.
Hand Protection:	Wear protective gloves. Wear cold insulating gloves. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.
Skin and Body Protection:	Wear protective clothing.
Respiratory Protection:	If engineering controls and ventilation are not sufficient to control exposure to below the allowable limits then an appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator that meets the requirements of CSA Standard CAN/CSA- Z94.4-11, with organic vapor cartridge, or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations exceed the limits of the air- purifying respirators.
General Hygiene Considerations:	Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	
Appearance:	Colourless gas.
Colour:	Colourless.
Odour:	Hydrocarbon.
Odour Threshold:	Not available.
Physical State:	Gas.
pH:	Not available.
Melting Point / Freezing Point:	Not available.
Initial Boiling Point:	Not available.
Boiling Range:	Not available.
Flash Point:	Not available.



COED NGL at Edmonton

Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016

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Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution:	Not available.	
Density:	Not available.	
VOC content, wt. %:	Not available.	
Percent Volatile, wt. %:	100	
Viscosity:	Not available.	
Decomposition Temperature:	Not available.	
Auto-ignition Temperature:	Not available.	
Partition Coefficient: n- Octanol/Water:	Not available.	
Solubilities:	Insoluble in water.	
Relative Density:	0.552 (Water = 1) at 15 °C (59 °F)	
Vapor Density:	Not available.	
Vapor Pressure:	1111 kPa at 40 °C (104 °F) (GPA 2145M)	
Upper Flammability Limit:	9.5 % (Propane)	
Lower Flammability Limit:	2.1 % (Propane)	
Flammability (solid, gas):	Extremely flammable gas.	
Evaporation Rate:	Not available.	

Reactivity:	Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.		
Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal storage conditions.		
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	None known.		
Conditions to Avoid:	Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.		
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizers. Halogenated organic solvents.		
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hazardous sulphur dioxide, and related oxides of sulph may be generated upon combustion.			

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE

Product Toxicity

Oral: Not available.

Dermal: Not available.

Inhalation: Not available.



COED NGL at Edmonton

Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016

Component Toxicity Component Natural gas (petroleum), raw lig. mix	CAS No. 64741-48-6	LD₅o oral Not available.	LD₅o dermal Not available.	LC ₅₀ Not available.
Propane	74-98-6	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Butane	106-97-8	Not available.	Not available.	658000 mg/m³ (rat); 4H
Isobutane	75-28-5	Not available.	Not available.	570000 ppm (rat); 15M
Isopentane	78-78-4	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Pentane	109-66-0	400 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	364000 mg/m ³ (rat); 4H
Hexane	110-54-3	25000 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	48000 ppm (rat); 4H
Heptane	142-82-5	Not available.	Not available.	103000 mg/m³ (rat); 4H
Octane	111-65-9	Not available.	Not available.	118000 mg/m³ (rat); 4H
Ethane	74-84-0	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Toluene	108-88-3	2600 mg/kg (rat)	14.1 mL/kg (rabbit)	49000 mg/m ³ (rat); 4H
Benzene	71-43-2	930 mg/kg (rat)	> 9400 µl/kg (rabbit)	10000 ppm (rat); 7H
Xylene	1330-20-7	4300 mg/kg (rat)	> 1700 mg/kg (rabbit)	5000 ppm (rat); 4H

Likely Routes of Exposure: Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Skin absorption.

Target Organs:Skin. Eyes. Respiratory system. Lungs. Blood. Cardiovascular
system. Bone marrow. Liver. Kidneys. Central nervous system.
Peripheral nervous system.

Symptoms (including delayed and immediate effects)

- Inhalation: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Central nervous system depression can occur if product is present in concentrations that will reduce the oxygen content of air below 18 % (vol). May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness.
- **Eye:** Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside. Permanent eye damage or blindness could result. May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.
- **Skin:** Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. Symptoms of frostbite include change in skin color to white or grayish-yellow. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside. Causes skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.
- **Ingestion:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Skin Sensitization: Not available.



Respiratory Sensitization: Not available.

Medical Conditions Not available. Aggravated By Exposure:

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE (from short and long-term exposure)

- Target Organs: Skin, Eves, Respiratory system, Cardiovascular system, Lungs, Blood, Bone marrow. Liver. Kidneys. Central nervous system. Peripheral nervous system. Chronic Effects: Hazardous by OSHA/WHMIS criteria. May cause chronic effects. High vapour concentrations, generally greater than 10% by volume, may sensitize the heart and lead to lethal cardiac arrhythmias. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of Isopentane may cause dizziness, weakness, weight loss, anemia, nervousness, pains in the limbs and peripheral numbness. Chronic inhalation of n-Hexane may cause peripheral nerve disorders and central nervous system effects. Reports of chronic poisoning with Benzene, Toluene or Xylene describe anemia. decreased blood cell count and bone marrow hypoplasia. Liver and kidney damage may occur. Repeated exposure of the eyes to high concentrations of Xylenes vapour may cause reversible eye damage. Chronic inhalation exposure to xylene causes mid-frequency hearing loss in laboratory animals. Xylene reacts synergistically with n-hexane
 - to enhance hearing loss. Hydrogen sulphide may reduce lung function; cause neurological effects such as headaches, nausea, depression and personality changes; eye and mucous membrane irritation: damage to cardiovascular system.
- **Carcinogenicity:** May cause cancer. Chronic exposure to benzene has been associated with an increased incidence of leukemia and multiple myeloma (tumour composed of cells of the type normally found in the bone marrow).

Component Carcinogeni Component Toluene Benzene Xylene	city ACGIH A4 A1 A4	IARC Group 3 Group 1 Group 3	NTP Not listed. List 1 Not listed.	OSHA Not listed. OSHA Carcinogen. Not listed.	Prop 65 Not listed. Listed. Not listed.
Mutagenicity:	May cause genetic defects.				
Reproductive Effects:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.				
Developmental Effects Teratogenicity:	Not available.				
Embryotoxicity:	y: Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. Exposure to Toluene may affect the developing fetus. Benzene and Xylene have caused adverse fetal effects in laboratory animals.				
Toxicologically Synergistic Materials: Xylene reacts synergistically with n-beyane to enhance					

Toxicologically Synergistic Materials: Xylene reacts synergistically with n-hexane to enhance hearing loss.



Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Ecotoxicity:	Not available.			
Persistence / Degradabil	ity: Not available.			
Bioaccumulation / Accur	mulation: Not available.			
Mobility in Environment:	Not available.			
Other Adverse Effects:	Not available.			
	Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
Disposal Instructions:	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.			
	Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION			
U.S. Department of Trans Proper Shipping Name:	sportation (DOT) UN1075, PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED, 2.1			
Class:	: 2.1			
UN Number:				
Packing Group:				
Label Code:				
Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proper Shipping Name: UN1075, PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED, 2.1				
Class:	2.1			
UN Number:	UN1075			
Packing Group:	Not applicable.			
Label Code:				
Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION				

Chemical Inventories

US (TSCA)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Canada (DSL)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.



United States

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SARA Title III	
Component	

Component	Section 302 (EHS)	Section 304 EHS	CERCLA RQ (lbs.)	Section 313	RCRA CODE	CAA 112(r) TQ
	TPQ (lbs.)	RQ (lbs.)				(lbs.)
Propane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Butane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Isobutane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Isopentane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Pentane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Hexane	Not listed.	Not listed.	5000	313	Not listed.	Not listed.
Ethane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Toluene	Not listed.	Not listed.	1000	313	U220	Not listed.
Benzene	Not listed.	Not listed.	10	313	U019	Not listed.
Xylene	Not listed.	Not listed.	100	313	U239	Not listed.

State Regulations

Massachusetts

US Massachusetts Commonwealth's Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to 105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations Section 670.000)

Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Propane	74-98-6	Listed.
Butane	106-97-8	Listed.
Isobutane	75-28-5	Listed.
Isopentane	78-78-4	Listed.
Pentane	109-66-0	Listed.
Hexane	110-54-3	Listed.
Heptane	142-82-5	Listed.
Octane	111-65-9	Listed.
Ethane	74-84-0	Listed.
Toluene	108-88-3	Listed.
Benzene	71-43-2	E
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed.

Note: E = Extraordinarily Hazardous Substance

New Jersey

US New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A-5)

Section 34.5A-5)		
Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Propane	74-98-6	SHHS
Butane	106-97-8	SHHS
Isobutane	75-28-5	SHHS
Isopentane	78-78-4	SHHS
Pentane	109-66-0	SHHS
Hexane	110-54-3	SHHS



COED NGL at Edmonton

Date of Preparation: April 11, 2016

Heptane	142-82-5	SHHS
Octane	111-65-9	SHHS
Ethane	74-84-0	SHHS
Toluene	108-88-3	SHHS
Benzene	71-43-2	SHHS
Xylene	1330-20-7	SHHS

Note: SHHS = Special Health Hazard Substance

Pennsylvania

US Pennsylvania Worker and Community Righ	t-to-Know Law (34 Pa. Cod	le Chap. 301-323)
Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Propane	74-98-6	Listed.
Butane	106-97-8	Listed.
Isobutane	75-28-5	Listed.
Isopentane	78-78-4	Listed.
Pentane	109-66-0	Listed.
Hexane	110-54-3	Listed.
Heptane	142-82-5	Listed.
Octane	111-65-9	Listed.
Ethane	74-84-0	Listed.
Toluene	108-88-3	E
Benzene	71-43-2	ES
Xylene	1330-20-7	E

Note: E = Environmental Hazard; S = Special Hazardous Substance

California

California Prop 65: WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Component	Type of Toxicity
Toluene	developmental; female
Benzene	cancer; developmental, male
Ethylbenzene	cancer

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer:

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for their own particular use.

Date of Preparation of SDS:	April 11, 2016
Version:	1.1
GHS SDS Prepared by:	Deerfoot Consulting Inc.
	Phone: (403) 720-3700